Graham County, Arizona
Single Audit Reporting Package
June 30, 2001

Graham County, Arizona Single Audit Reporting Package June 30, 2001

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Graham County, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of Graham County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, as listed in the table of contents. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Graham County as of June 30, 2001, and the results of its operations, and the net assets and changes in net assets of its investment trust funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements of Graham County taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 17, 2002, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

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January 17, 2002

Milher Allent Co., P.C.

Graham County Combined Balance Sheet- All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001

Fiduciary

	Governmental Fund Types						Fund Types	Account Groups			
	General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Trust and Agency		General Fixed Assets		General Long- Term Debt
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 869,833	\$	5,426,920	\$	225,870	\$	61,629,495	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes Accrued interest Due from:	282,992		7,745 -		-		202,447		-		-
Other funds Other governments	- 701,643		45,587 382,069								
Inventories Fixed assets:	-		216,057		-		-		2 444 245		-
Land Buildings Machinery and equipment	- -		- -		- - -		- - -		2,444,215 10,368,987 5,479,405		- - -
Amount to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt	-		<u>-</u>				-		-		1,796,965
Total assets	\$ 1,854,468	\$	6,078,378	\$	225,870	\$	61,831,942	\$	18,292,607	\$	1,796,965

Graham County Combined Balance Sheet- All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2001 (Continued)

		Gove	rnmental Fund T	ypes			Fiduciary Fund Types		Account Groups		
	 General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		Trust and Agency		General Fixed Assets		General Long- Term Debt
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities:											
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and employee benefits	\$ 154,791 126,366	\$	57,206 67,644	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Due to: Other funds Other governments	12,996		32,591 54,161		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences payable Deposits held for others Landfill closure and postclosure care	51,852		-		-		528,578		-		427,036 -
costs payable Deferred revenues	 258,168		81,424				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,369,929
Total liabilities	 604,173		293,026			_	528,578	_			1,796,965
Fund equity: Investment in general fixed assets Fund balances:	-		-		-		-		18,292,607		-
Reserved for inventories Reserved for investment trust participants	-		216,057		-		61,303,364		-		-
Unreserved	 1,250,295		5,569,295		225,870		-				
Total fund equity	 1,250,295		5,785,352		225,870		61,303,364	_	18,292,607	_	
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 1,854,468	\$	6,078,378	\$	225,870	\$	61,831,942	\$	18,292,607	\$	1,796,965

Graham County Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- All Governmental Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2001

Governmental Fund Types

		001011			-	
		General		Special Revenue		Capital Projects
Revenues:		_				_
Taxes	\$	1,798,230	\$	51,375	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	17,237	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Intergovernmental		7,108,088		5,315,494		_
Charges for services		456,783		364,620		_
Fines and forfeits		266,616		1,990		_
Investment income		120,611		276,806		40,419
Rents		12,000		47,693		-0,-10
Miscellaneous		90,358		335,362		_
Miscellarieous		90,336				
Total revenues		9,869,923		6,393,340		40,419
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		4,254,681		441,323		-
Public safety		3,297,418		1,187,951		-
Highways and streets		-		1,992,438		-
Sanitation		290,203		323,212		_
Health		196,755		482,125		-
Welfare		1,795,655		· -		_
Culture and recreation		142,445		243,960		_
Education		138,042		573,248		_
Capital outlay		420,897		341,160		88,002
Total expenditures	_	10,536,096		5,585,417		88,002
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(666,173)		807,923		(47,583)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Operating transfers in		200,000		272,035		132,347
Operating transfers out		(132,647)		(271,735)		(200,000)
Operating transfers out		(132,047)		(271,733)		(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		67,353		300		(67,653)
Excess of revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses		(598,820)		808,223		(115,236)
Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated		1,849,115		4,946,019		341,106
Increase in reserve for inventories		-		31,110		-
Fund balances, June 30, 2001		1,250,295	<u> </u>	5,785,352		225,870
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Graham County Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual- General and Special Revenue Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2001

		Ge	General Fund			Special Revenue Funds					
	Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Annually Budgeted Actual		Variance
Revenues:	 										
Taxes	\$ 1,745,958	\$	1,798,230	\$	52,272	\$	60,546	\$	51,375	\$	(9,171)
Licenses and permits	25,000		17,237		(7,763)						-
Intergovernmental	8,349,955		7,108,088		(1,241,867)		5,019,653		4,636,589		(383,064)
Charges for services	662,418		456,783		(205,635)		230,730		328,401		97,671
Fines and forfeits	350,000		266,616		(83,384)		1,500		1,990		490
Investment income	192,011 13,000		120,611 12,000		(71,400) (1,000)		134,932		202,825		67,893
Rents Miscellaneous	180,000		90,358		(89,642)		265,540		133,436		(132,104)
Miscellaneous	 160,000		90,356	_	(09,042)	_	205,540	_	133,436	_	(132,104)
Total revenues	11,518,342		9,869,923		(1,648,419)		5,712,901		5,354,616		(358,285)
Expenditures:				_		_		_			
Current:											
General government:											
Board of Supervisors	448,568		444,111		4,457		-		-		-
Treasurer	226,564		206,642		19,922		12,365		-		12,365
Assessor	315,807		300,191		15,616		-		-		-
Recorder	166,091		163,051		3,040		46,875		20,104		26,771
Elections	99,490		99,671		(181)		-		-		-
Attorney	482,278		430,612		51,666		27,697		7,942		19,755
Clerk of the Court	277,702		269,807		7,895		42,821		14,543		28,278
Superior Court	367,362		423,139		(55,777)		296,351		185,287		111,064
Justice of the Peace No. 1	198,013		189,568		8,445		32,564		1,250		31,314
Justice of the Peace No. 2	109,002		106,045		2,957		7,500		-		7,500
Victim witness	48,665		47,051		1,614		74,680		71,108		3,572
Public Fiduciary	67,209		66,647		562		-		-		-
Planning and zoning	140,009		123,960		16,049		-		-		-
Engineering	-		-		-		18,682		-		18,682
Building maintenance	142,385		127,361		15,024		-		-		-
Electrical maintenance	52,806		49,247		3,559		-		-		-
Overtime	12,137		12,795		(658)		-		-		-
General services	231,482		212,230		19,252		-		-		-
Contingency	625,000		154,663		470,337		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	589,206		334,870		254,336		-		-		-

Graham County Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual- General and Special Revenue Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

		General Fund		Special Revenue Funds							
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Annually Budgeted Actual	Variance					
Medical Examiner Information Technology	\$ 21,500 491,449	\$ 10,480 482,540	\$ 11,020 8,909	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Total general government	5,112,725	4,254,681	858,044	559,535	300,234	259,301					
Public safety: Probation Sheriff Search and rescue Juvenile detention center	50,064 2,466,875 13,870 1,070,920	48,922 2,458,201 7,468 782,827	1,142 8,674 6,402 288,093	908,987 403,121 - -	921,753 235,169 -	(12,766) 167,952 - -					
Total public safety	3,601,729	3,297,418	304,311	1,312,108	1,156,922	155,186					
Highways and streets: Roads Flood control	-	-		2,947,254 312,561	1,926,333 66,105	1,020,921 246,456					
Total highway and streets	-	-	-	3,259,815	1,992,438	1,267,377					
Sanitation: Sanitary landfill Waste tire facility	338,738	290,203	48,535	447,574 45,000	274,382 48,830	173,192 (3,830)					
Total sanitation	338,738	290,203	48,535	492,574	323,212	169,362					
Health: Health services	195,173	196,755	(1,582)	733,263	474,771	258,492					
Total health	195,173	196,755	(1,582)	733,263	474,771	258,492					
Welfare: Attorney for the indigent Indigent medical	350,000 1,770,609	237,017 1,558,638	112,983 211,971	:							
Total welfare	2,120,609	1,795,655	324,954	-		-					

Graham County Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual- General and Special Revenue Fund Types Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Culture and recreation: Parks and recreation \$ 168,868 \$ 142,445 \$ 26,423 \$ - \$ - \$ - Total culture and recreation 168,868 142,445 26,423 \$ - \$ - \$ - Total culture and recreation 168,868 142,445 26,423 \$ - \$ - \$ - Education: School superintendent Employment and training 132,152 129,527 2,625 \$ -			Ge	neral Fund			Special Revenue Funds						
Parks and recreation \$ 168,868 \$ 142,445 \$ 26,423 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -		Budget		Actual		Variance	_	Budget		Budgeted		Variance	
Education: School superintendent 132,152 129,527 2,625 -<		\$ 168,868	\$	142,445	\$	26,423	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
School superintendent Employment and training 132,152 8,829 129,527 8,515 2,625 314 -	Total culture and recreation	 168,868		142,445		26,423		-			_	-	
Capital outlay 1,236,286 420,897 815,389 2,994,672 326,086 2,668,586 Total expenditures 12,915,109 10,536,096 2,379,013 9,351,967 4,573,663 4,778,304 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,396,767) (666,173) 730,594 (3,639,066) 780,953 4,420,019 Other financing sources (uses):	School superintendent									- -		- -	
Total expenditures 12,915,109 10,536,096 2,379,013 9,351,967 4,573,663 4,778,304 Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,396,767) (666,173) 730,594 (3,639,066) 780,953 4,420,019 Other financing sources (uses): - 200,000 200,000 - 239,895 239,	Total education	 140,981		138,042		2,939		-		-		-	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures (1,396,767) (666,173) 730,594 (3,639,066) 780,953 4,420,019 Other financing sources (uses): 200,000 200,000 239,895 239,895 239,895 239,895 239,895 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,36250) 0,3645 0,	Capital outlay	 1,236,286		420,897		815,389		2,994,672		326,086		2,668,586	
Other financing sources (uses): 200,000 200,000 239,895 239,895 Operating transfers out - (132,647) - (132,647) - (36,250) (36,250) Total other financing sources (uses) - 67,353 67,353 - 203,645 203,645 Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses (1,396,767) (598,820) 797,947 (3,639,066) 984,598 4,623,664 Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated 1,396,767 1,849,115 452,348 3,639,066 3,840,228 201,162 Increase in reserve for inventories 31,110 31,110	Total expenditures	 12,915,109		10,536,096		2,379,013		9,351,967		4,573,663		4,778,304	
Operating transfers in Operating transfers out - 200,000 (132,647) 200,000 (132,647) - 239,895 (36,250) 239,895 (36,250) Total other financing sources (uses) - 67,353 67,353 - 203,645 203,645 Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses (1,396,767) (598,820) 797,947 (3,639,066) 984,598 4,623,664 Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated 1,396,767 1,849,115 452,348 3,639,066 3,840,228 201,162 Increase in reserve for inventories - - - - - 31,110 31,110	Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (1,396,767)		(666,173)		730,594		(3,639,066)		780,953		4,420,019	
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses (1,396,767) (598,820) 797,947 (3,639,066) 984,598 4,623,664 Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated 1,396,767 1,849,115 452,348 3,639,066 3,840,228 201,162 Increase in reserve for inventories 31,110 31,110	Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	 - - -		(132,647)		(132,647)	_	-	_	(36,250)		(36,250)	
(under) expenditures and other uses (1,396,767) (598,820) 797,947 (3,639,066) 984,598 4,623,664 Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated 1,396,767 1,849,115 452,348 3,639,066 3,840,228 201,162 Increase in reserve for inventories - - - - 31,110 31,110	Total other initioning sources (uses)	 	_		_		_		_		_	200,040	
Increase in reserve for inventories 31,110 31,110		(1,396,767)		(598,820)		797,947		(3,639,066)		984,598		4,623,664	
	Fund balances, July 1, 2000, as restated	1,396,767		1,849,115		452,348		3,639,066		3,840,228		201,162	
Fund balances, June 30, 2001 \$ - \$1,250,295 \$ 1,250,295 \$ - \$4,855,936 \$4,855,936	Increase in reserve for inventories	-		-		-		-		31,110		31,110	
	Fund balances, June 30, 2001	\$ -	\$	1,250,295	\$	1,250,295	\$		\$	4,855,936	\$	4,855,936	

Graham County Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual- Capital Projects Fund Type Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Capital Projects Funds									
		Budget		Actual	al Variance					
Revenues: Investment income	\$	42,000	\$	40,419	\$	(1,581)				
Total revenues		42,000		40,419		(1,581)				
Expenditures: Capital outlay		509,319		88,002		421,317				
Total expenditures		509,319		88,002		421,317				
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	_	(467,319)		(47,583)	_	419,736				
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	_	- -		132,347 (200,000)	_	132,347 (200,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(67,653)		(67,653)				
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(467,319)		(115,236)		352,083				
Fund balances, July 1, 2000		467,319		341,106		(126,213)				
Fund balances, June 30, 2001	\$	_	\$	225,870	\$	225,870				

Graham County Combining Statement of Net Assets Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2001

	Treasurer's Investment Pool	Individual Investment Accounts	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 33,885,353	\$ 27,215,564	\$ 61,100,917
Interest and dividends receivable	81,822	120,625	202,447
Total assets	33,967,175	27,336,189	61,303,364
Liabilities	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net assets held in trust	\$ 33,967,175	\$ 27,336,189	\$ 61,303,364

Graham County Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets Investment Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2001

	Treasurer's Investment Pool	Individual Investment Accounts	Total
Additions:			Total
Contributions from participants	\$ 41,148,356	\$ 14,579,896	\$ 55,728,252
Investment income	2,140,070	1,706,701	3,846,771
Total additions	43,288,426	16,286,597	59,575,023
Deductions:			
Distributions to participants	40,023,629	12,043,000	52,066,629
Total deductions	40,023,629	12,043,000	52,066,629
Net increase in net assets	3,264,797	4,243,597	7,508,394
Net assets held in trust:			
July 1, 2000, as restated	30,702,378	23,092,592	53,794,970
June 30, 2001	\$ 33,967,175	\$ 27,336,189	\$ 61,303,364

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Graham County conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the County's more significant accounting policies follows.

The County's major operations include general government, public safety, highway and street maintenance and construction, sanitation, health, welfare, education, and culture and recreation.

A. Reporting Entity

The County is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected board of three county supervisors. These general purpose financial statements present all the fund types and account groups of the County (a primary government) and its component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the County's operations. Therefore, data from these units is combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the County. The County has no component units.

B. Fund Accounting

The County's accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to ensure that limitations and restrictions on the County's available resources are observed. The principles of fund accounting require that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds or account groups in accordance with the activities or objectives specified for those resources. Each fund is considered a separate accounting entity, and its operations are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Account groups are reporting devices to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in those funds.

Accounts are separately maintained for each fund and account group; however, in the accompanying financial statements, funds that have similar characteristics have been combined into generic fund types that are further classified into broad fund

categories. A description of the County's fund categories, types, and account groups follows.

1. Governmental Funds account for the County's general government activities using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and include the following fund types.

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The *Special Revenue Funds* account for specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Capital Projects Funds account for resources to be used for acquiring or constructing major capital facilities.

2. Fiduciary Funds account for assets the County holds on behalf of others, and include the following fund types.

The *Investment Trust Funds* account for investments made by the County on behalf of other governmental entities using the economic resources measurement focus.

The Agency Fund is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. This fund is used to account for assets that the government holds for others in an agency capacity.

3. Account Groups are used to establish control and accountability for certain County assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds and include the following two groups.

The General Fixed Assets Account Group accounts for all fixed assets of the County.

The General Long-Term Debt Account Group accounts for all long-term obligations of the County.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Governmental and Agency Funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current-period expenditures. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes; licenses and permits; intergovernmental aid, grants, and reimbursements; interest revenue; charges for services; and sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on the County's behalf. Fines and forfeits, rents, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The financial statements of the Investment Trust Funds are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) require the County to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each separate fund. The Board of Supervisors must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibit expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Essentially, the County prepares its budget on the same modified accrual basis of accounting used to record actual revenues and expenditures.

The County has adopted budgets in accordance with the A.R.S. requirements for the General, some Special Revenue Funds as explained in Note 11, and Capital Projects Funds.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon approval of the Board of Supervisors. With the exception of the General Fund, each fund includes only one department.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments to expend monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable fund balance, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end for goods or services that were not received before fiscal year-end are canceled. However, the County may draw warrants against encumbered amounts for goods or services received but unpaid at June 30 for 60 days immediately following the close of the fiscal year. After 60 days the remaining encumbered balances lapse.

E. Cash and Investments

Nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts are stated at cost. Money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts with a remaining maturity of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value.

F. Inventories

Inventories of the Governmental Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and are offset by a fund balance reserve to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method.

G. Fixed Assets

Purchased fixed assets capitalized in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are recorded at the time of purchase as expenditures in the funds from which the expenditures were made. Such assets are capitalized at cost, or estimated cost if historical records are not available. At June 30, 2001, 7% of total fixed assets were estimated at historical cost calculated by backtrending the current cost to the date of acquisition using the appropriate price index. Donated fixed assets are capitalized at their estimated fair market value at the time received.

Depreciation on general fixed assets is not recorded, and interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Also, public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, such as roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage and lighting systems, are not capitalized.

H. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 160 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave hours. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. However, for employees with sick leave in excess of 360 hours, sick leave benefits do vest and, therefore, are accrued.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the Governmental Funds is recorded in the General Long Term Debt Account Group since the amount expected to be paid from current financial resources is not significant.

I. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

J. Property Taxes

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end or collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred revenues.

K. Intergovernmental Grants and Aid

Grants and assistance awards made on the basis of entitlement periods are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when entitlement occurs. Reimbursement grants are recorded as intergovernmental receivables and revenues when the related expenditures are incurred. Reimbursements not received within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are reported as deferred revenues.

Note 2 - Individual Fund Deficits

The Special Revenue listed below had individual fund deficits at June 30, 2001, which resulted from operations during the year. The deficits are expected to be corrected through normal operations in fiscal year 2001-2002.

Special Revenue Funds

Fort Thomas Resource Officer	\$ 4,484
ACJC Drug Grant	3,291
Juvenile Standard Probation	2,878
Adult Intensive Probation Services	2,603
Adult Probation State Aid	
Enhancement	3,546

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize the County to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; U.S. Treasury obligations; specified state and local government bonds; and interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories. The statutes require collateral for demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements at 101 percent of all deposits not covered by federal depository insurance.

County Treasurer's Investment Pool - Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer (see Note 13). Those monies are pooled with County monies for investment purposes.

Deposits – The investment pool deposits at June 30, 2001, were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's custodial bank in the County's name.

Investments - At June 30, 2001, the investments in the County Treasurer's investment pool consisted of the following.

	Value
Investment in State Treasurer's investment pool	\$ 19,807,339
U.S. government securities	20,038,047
Total	\$ 39,845,386

Fair

The State Board of Deposit provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools, and the local Government investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of the participant's pool shares. Those shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk. All other investments were insured or registered in the County's name, or were held by the County or its agent in the County's name.

The investment pool's investments at June 30, 2001 are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the County at year-end.

- Category 1 insured or registered in the County's name, or securities held by the County or its agent in the County's name.
- Category 2 uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the County's name.

Category 3 - uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the County's name.

	Category			Fair
U.S. government securities Investments not subject to categorization:	1	\$ 20,038,047	3	Value \$ 20,038,047
State Treasurer's investment pool				19,807,339
Total				\$ 39,845,386

Other Deposits - At June 30, 2001, the carrying amount of the County's total nonpooled cash in bank was \$608,278, and the bank balance was \$677,573. Of the bank balance, \$517,718 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County or its agent in the County's name; \$125,678 was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the County's name; and \$34,177 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Other Investments - At June 30, 2001, the County's nonpooled investments consisted of the following.

	Fair
	Value
Investment in State Treasurer's	
investment pool	\$ 27,215,564
Total	\$ 27,215,564

The State Board of Deposit provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools, and the Local Government Investment Pool Advisory Committee provides consultation and advice to the Treasurer. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. Those shares are not identified with specific investments and are not subject to custodial credit risk.

A reconciliation of cash and investments to amounts shown on the combined balance sheet follows.

Cash and investments:

	County Treasurer's Investment Pool	Other	Total
Cash on hand	\$ 263,295		\$ 263,295
Carrying amount of deposits	219,595	\$ 608,278	827,873
Reported amount of investments	39,845,386	27,215,564	67,060,950
Total	\$ 40,328,276	\$ 27,823,842	\$ 68,152,118
Combined balance sheet: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 68,152,118		

Note 4 - Property Taxes Receivable

The County levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

During the year, the County also levies various personal property taxes that are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's Office, and at June 30, 2001, were as follows:

		Special
	General	Revenue
Fiscal Year	Fund	Funds
2000-2001	\$ 169,233	\$ 6,135
Prior	113,759	1,610
Total	\$ 282,992	\$ 7,745

That portion of property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days after June 30, 2001, has been deferred and, consequently, is not included in current-year revenues.

Note 5 - Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2001, include \$134,412 in state-shared revenue from sales tax, \$207,800 in auto lieu tax, \$99,288 in county excise tax distributions due from the State Treasurer, \$46,504 in state motor vehicle license taxes from the Arizona Department of Transportation, \$202,089 in prisoner detention fees from the U.S. Department of Justice, and \$11,550 in other fees from federal, state, and local governments recorded in the General Fund; \$236,459 in state-shared revenue from highway user taxes, and \$145,610 in grants and other fees from federal, state, and local governments recorded in the Special Revenue Funds.

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2001 follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Special Revenue – Highway Road Fund	General	\$ 12,996
Special Revenue – Highway Road Fund	Special Revenue-Regional Solid Waste	9,615
Special Revenue – Adult Probation Fees	Special Revenue – Adult Intensive	
	Probation Services	8,559
Special Revenue – Adult Probation Fees	Special Revenue – Adult Probation State	
	Aid Enhancement	14,417
		\$ 45,587

Note 7 - Changes in General Fixed Assets

A summary of the changes in general fixed assets follows.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2000	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2001
Land	\$ 2,427,750	\$ 16,465		\$ 2,444,215
Buildings	10,746,051	6,930	\$ 383,994	10,368,987
Machinery and equipment	5,706,644	<u>361,150</u>	<u>588,389</u>	5,479,405
Total	<u>\$ 18,880,445</u>	\$ 384,545	\$ 972,383	\$ 18,292,607

Note 8 - Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place final covers on its two landfill sites (Central and Regional) when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for 30 years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will not be paid until near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an addition to the General Long Term Debt Account Group in each period based on the landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$1,369,929 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2001, represents the cumulative amount reported to date on the use of 100.00 and 27.16 percent respectively of the estimated capacity of the two landfills. The County will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care of \$1,834,486 as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. These cumulative amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal year 2001, and have been adjusted for changes in estimates during the fiscal year. The County expects to close the Central landfill in the year 2004 and the Regional landfill in the year 2019, and the actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

According to state and federal laws and regulations, the County must comply with the local government financial test requirements that assure the County can meet the costs of landfill closure, postclosure, and corrective action when needed. The County is in compliance with these requirements.

Note 9 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters; but was unable to obtain insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the County joined and is covered by three public entity risk pools: the Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool, the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool, and the Graham Combined Trust, which are described below.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties catastrophic loss coverage for risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters; and provides risk management services. Such coverage includes all defense costs as well as the amount of any judgment or settlement. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on its exposure in relation to the exposure of the other participants, and deductibles of \$5,000 for each occurrence. The County is also responsible for any payments in excess of the maximum coverage of \$100 million per occurrence for property claims and \$15 million per occurrence for liability claims. A County must participate in the pool at least three years after becoming a member; however, it may withdraw after the initial three-year period. If the pool were to become insolvent, the County would be assessed an additional contribution.

The Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool is a public entity risk pool currently composed of 11 member counties. The pool provides member counties with workers' compensation coverage, as required by law, and risk management services. The County is responsible for paying a premium, based on an experience rating formula, that allocates pool expenditures and liabilities among the members.

The Arizona Counties Property and Casualty Pool and the Arizona Counties Workers' Compensation Pool receive independent audits annually and an audit by the Arizona Department of Insurance triennially. Both pools accrue liabilities for losses that have been incurred but not reported. These liabilities are determined annually based on an independent actuarial valuation.

The County provides health benefits to its employees and their dependents through the Graham Combined Trust, currently composed of three member Counties. The Trust provides benefits through a self-funding agreement with its participants and administers the program. The County is responsible for paying the premium and may require its employees to contribute a portion of that premium. The County is not liable for claims in excess of coverage limits and cannot be assessed retroactive premium adjustments. If it withdraws from the Trust, the County would be

responsible for its proportional share of claims run-out costs, including claims reported but not settled, claims incurred but not reported, and administrative costs. If the Trust were to terminate, the County would be responsible for its proportional share of any Trust deficit.

Note 10 - Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in the liabilities reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group follows.

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2000	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2001
Compensated absences payable	\$ 341,552	\$ 85,484		\$ 427,036
Landfill closure and postclosure care				
costs payable	2,593,949		\$1,224,020	1,369,929
Total	\$2,935,501	\$ 85,484	\$1,224,020	\$ 1,796,965

During the current fiscal year the County changed the estimated capacity used for one of its landfills and the estimated closure dates for both County landfills. The change in estimates has resulted in a reduction in the current period of the liability for the landfill closure and postclosure care costs payable.

Note 11 -Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The County's adopted budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the following. Of the 120 Special Revenue Funds, only 80 are budgeted. The remaining Special Revenue Funds were not budgeted. Consequently, the following adjustments are necessary to present only those Special Revenue Funds budgeted for the year ended June 30, 2001, in order to provide a meaningful comparison.

	Special Revenue Funds				
			Total	Fund	
	Total Revenues	Total Expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Balances, June 30, 2000, As restated	Fund Balances, June 30, 2001
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	\$ 6,393,340	\$5,585,417	\$300	\$4,946,019	\$5,785,352
Funds not budgeted	(1,038,724)	(1,011,754)	203,345	(1,105,791)	(929,416)
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	\$5,354,616	\$4,573,663	\$203,645	\$3,840,228	\$4,855,936

Note 12 - Retirement Plans

Plan Descriptions - The County contributes to three plans, two of which are described below. The Elected Officials Retirement Plan is not described due to its insignificance to the County's financial statements. Benefits are established by state statute and generally provide retirement, death, long-term disability, survivor, and health insurance premium benefits.

The *Arizona State Retirement System* (ASRS) administers a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan that covers general employees of the County. The ASRS is governed by the Arizona State Retirement System Board according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 2.

The *Public Safety Personnel Retirement System* (PSPRS) is an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers public safety personnel who are regularly assigned hazardous duty as employees of the State of Arizona or one of its political subdivisions. The PSPRS, acting as a common investment and administrative agent, is governed by a five-member board, known as The Fund Manager, and 189 local boards according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

Each plan issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. A report may be obtained by writing or calling the applicable plan.

ASRS 3300 N. Central Ave. P.O. Box 33910 Phoenix, AZ 85067-3910 (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778 PSPRS 1020 E. Missouri Ave. Phoenix, AZ 85014

(602) 255-5575

Funding Policy - The Arizona State Legislature establishes and may amend active plan members' and the County's contribution rates.

Cost-sharing plan - For the year ended June 30 2001, active ASRS members and the County were each required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 2.66 percent (2.17 percent retirement and 0.49 percent long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. The County's contributions to ASRS for the years ended June 30, 2001, 2000, and 1999 were \$132,288, \$115,519, and \$102,834, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for the year.

Agent plan - For the year ended June 30, 2001, active PSPRS members were required by statute to contribute 7.65 percent of the members' annual covered

payroll, and the County was required to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.33 percent.

Annual Pension Cost - The County's pension cost for the agent plan for the year ended June 30, 2001, and related information follow.

	<u>PSPRS</u>
Contribution rates:	
County	12.33%
Plan members	7.65%
Annual pension cost	\$69,471
Contributions made	\$69,471

The current-year annual required contributions for the PSPRS was determined as part of their June 30, 1999, actuarial valuations using the entry-age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 9 percent investment rate of return and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 6.5 percent to 9.5 percent per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 5.5 percent. The assumptions did not include cost-of-living adjustments. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 4-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 1999, was 20 years.

Trend Information - Annual pension cost information for the current and two preceding years follows for the agent plan.

			Percentage of	
	Year Ended	Annual Pension	APC	Net Pension
Plan	June 30	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
PSPRS	2001	\$ 69,471	100%	\$ -0-
	2000	46,096	100%	-0-
	1999	47,744	100%	-0-

Analysis of Funding Progress - The following information was obtained from the three most recent actuarial valuations of the agent plan.

PSPRS

Actuarial Valuation Date	/aluation Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Funding (Liability) Excess (a-b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	Unfunded Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
6/30/01	\$ 1,315,876	\$ 1,239,251	\$ 76,625	106.2%	\$ 563,028	- %
6/30/00	1,106,151	1,243,942	(137,791)	88.9%	533,797	25.8%
6/30/99	913,542	1,112,679	(199,137)	82.1%	509,541	39.1%

Note 13 - County Treasurer's Investment Pool

Arizona Revised Statutes require community colleges, school districts, and other local governments to deposit certain public monies with the County Treasurer. The Treasurer has a fiduciary responsibility to administer those and the County monies under her stewardship. The Treasurer invests, on a pool basis, all idle monies not specifically invested for a fund or program. In addition, the Treasurer determines the fair value of those pooled investments annually at June 30.

The County Treasurer's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and there is no regulatory oversight of its operations. The pool's structure does not provide for shares and the County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the values of the participants' investments.

Details of each major investment classification follow.

		Interest		Fair
Investment Type	Principal	Rate(s)	Maturities	Value
U.S. Government securities Investment in State	\$19,542,042	4.59-6.75%	8/01-5/04	\$20,038,047
Treasurer's investment pool	19,807,339	6.06%		19,807,339

A condensed statement of the investment pool's net assets and changes in net assets follow.

Statement of Net Assets

Assets	\$ 40,410,098
Liabilities	-0-
Net assets	\$ 40,410,098

Net assets held in trust for: Internal participants External participants Total net assets held in trust	\$ 6,442,923 33,967,175 \$ 40,410,098
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	
Total additions Total deductions Net increase	\$ 60,725,514 57,433,704 3,291,810
Net assets held in trust: July 1, 2000 June 30, 2001	37,118,288 \$ 40,410,098

Note 14 - Implementation of GASB Statement No. 34

Beginning with fiscal year 2002, the County will prepare its external financial reports following the requirements of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements- and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Implementing this standard will significantly change the accounting principles and reporting format used by the County in future financial reports.

Note 15 - Restatement of Beginning Fund Balance/Net Assets

Beginning fund balance of the special revenue funds has been restated to correct for the accumulated net errors of recording, in prior years, the operating activities of special revenue funds within a trust fund.

	Special	Investment
	Revenue	Trust
	Funds	Funds
Fund balance/net assets, June 30, 2000, as previously reported	\$4,552,049	\$54,188,940
Correction of error	393,970	(393,970)
Fund balance/net assets, July 1, 2000, as restated	\$4,946,019	\$53,794,970

Supplementary Information

Graham County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2001

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture Pass-through programs from:			
Arizona Department of Health Services Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,			
Infants, and Children	10.557	76-1092	\$ 123,650
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children	10.557	76-1092	52,533
Arizona State Treasurer Schools and Roads – Grants to States	10.665	None	39,097
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	.0.000		215,280
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Direct grants Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		817,881
·	10.220		
U.S. Department of Justice Direct grants			
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592		11,687
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592		12,460
Local Law Enforcement Block Grants Program	16.592 16.710		3,248
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Pass-through programs from:	16.710		35,161
Arizona Governor's Office of Community Policy			
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	99JAIBG-03	4,894
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	00JAIBG-06	4,756
Arizona Criminal Justice Commission	16.582	2001-005	24.045
Crime Victim Assistance/Discretionary Grants Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579	AC-130-01	31,015 29,182
Total U.S. Department of Justice	10.57 9	AC-130-01	132,403
Total G.G. Department of addition			102,400
U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Pass-through programs from: Arizona Department of Emergency and Military Affairs			
Emergency Management – State and Local Assistance	83.534	None	21,088
Emergency Management Clate and Ecodi / toolstance	00.001	110110	21,000
U.S. Department of Labor			
Pass-through programs from:			
Arizona Department of Economic Security			
WIA Administration	17.255	E5701021	29,897
WIA Youth Activities WIA Adult Program	17.255 17.255	E5701021 E5701021	116,454 84,976
Total U.S. Department of Labor	17.200	E3701021	231,327
Total G.G. Department of Eabor			201,021

Graham County Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2001 (Continued)

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	CFDA <u>Number</u>	Pass-Through <u>Grantor's Number</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass-through programs from: Arizona Department of Health Services Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States HIV Prevention Program Immunization Grants	93.994 93.994 93.940 93.268	76-1105 76-1105 852019 30-4061	\$ 16,912 20,233 4,288 8,668
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			50,101
U.S. Department of Education Pass-through programs from: Arizona Department Education Eisenhower Professional Development State Grant	84.281	99-006ED	27,295
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,495,375

Graham County

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2001

Note 1 - Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Graham County and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Note 2 - Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) Numbers

The program titles and CFDA numbers were obtained from the federal or pass-through grantor or the 2001 *Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance*. When no CFDA number had been assigned to a program, the federal contract number was used.

Note 3 - Subrecipients

The County did not provide federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2001.

MILLER, ALLEN & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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MARK L. LANDY, C.P.A. STEPHEN T. HARRIS, C.P.A. ROBERT L. MILLER, C.P.A. (1931 - 1992)

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of General Purpose Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Graham County, Arizona

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of Graham County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2001, and have issued our report thereon dated January 17, 2002. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of general purpose financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 01-1 through 01-5.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the reportable conditions described above is a material weakness. We also noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we have reported to the County's management, in a separate letter dated January 17, 2002.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

January 17, 2002

Miller Alled Co. P.C.

MILLER, ALLEN & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

The Auditor General of the State of Arizona

The Board of Supervisors of Graham County, Arizona

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Graham County with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2001. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Graham County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2001.

Internal Control over Compliance

The County's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all such internal control matters that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

January 17, 2002

Miller, Alled Con, P.C.

Graham County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2001

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified	
	YES NO	
Material weakness identified in internal control over financing reporting?	X	
Reportable conditions identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	_X	
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	X	
Federal Awards		
Material weakness identified in internal control over major programs?	<u>X</u>	
Reportable conditions identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	X	(none reported)
Types of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section .510[a])?	<u>X</u>	
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster 15.226 Payment of Lieu of Taxes		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u>	
Other Matters		
Auditee's summary schedule of prior audit findings required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (section. 315[b])?	X	

Graham County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2001

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Item: 01-1

Subject: Payroll

Condition: The payroll department maintains the employee personnel records.

Recommendation: To help reduce the risk of fictitious employees, the Human Resources Department should maintain original employee records and periodically compare that information to information used to prepare payroll.

Item: 01-2

Subject: Payroll

Condition: Payroll is not subject to a final review and approval before payment.

Recommendation: To help ensure that payroll is proper and to make corrections on a timely basis, a final review and approval of payroll should be performed by an individual independent of the payroll function.

Item: 01-3

Subject: Payroll

Condition: The County does not use Personnel Action Forms to document changes in employment status.

Recommendation: To help ensure that all changes in employment status are properly documented, a Personnel Action Form should be used. The form would document salary increases, promotions, and changes in salary funding sources.

Item: 01-4

Subject: Segregation of Duties

Condition: We noted insufficient segregation of duties as evidenced by the following:

- a. The same individual responsible for preparing accounts payable has access to signed checks and also mails them.
- b. The same individual responsible for preparing payroll has access to signed checks, distributes signed checks and receives unclaimed checks.

Graham County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2001

- c. The same individual that performs the accounts payable function also maintains the general fixed asset listing.
- d. The same individual performed all accounting duties of the Public Fiduciary, except for the review and signature of checks written to vendors, however, the individual that performs the accounting duties also prepares and signs checks written to trustees.

Recommendation: To help ensure that the assets of the County are properly safeguarded, accounting duties should be segregated. If this is not possible, due to size of available staff, then employees' supervisor or another staff member should review and approve the activity.

Item: 01-5

Subject: Journal Entries

Condition: One individual, in a management position, has the ability to initiate, approve and record journal entries.

Recommendation: To strengthen controls over journal entries, we recommend an authorized employee other that the preparer should review and approve all journal entries prior to posting them to the general ledger.

Graham County Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2001

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

County Responses

Graham County Corrective Action Plan Year Ended September 30, 2001

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 01-1

Subject: Payroll

Contract Person: Dortheia Lee, Finance Officer

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Corrective Action: The Board of Supervisors will review budget capacity to determine if it is feasible to establish a position in the Human Resources Department to maintain personnel files.

Item: 01-2

Subject: Payroll

Contract Person: Dortheia Lee, Finance Officer

Anticipated Completion Date: Present

Corrective Action: A final review and approval of payroll is now performed prior to payment by

the County Finance Officer.

Item: 01-3

Subject: Payroll

Contract Person: Dortheia Lee, Finance Officer

Anticipated Completion Date: Present

Corrective Action: Personnel Action Forms are now being utilized.

Item: 01-4

Subject: Segregation of Duties

Contract Person: Dortheia Lee, Finance Officer

Anticipated Completion Date: Ongoing

Graham County Corrective Action Plan Year Ended September 30, 2001

Corrective Action: The County is in the process of reviewing its internal controls over accounts payable, payroll, general fixed assets, and the Public Fiduciary. An employee has been assigned to review and approve the activities that are performed by a single employee.

Item: 01-5

Subject: Journal Entries

Contract Person: Dortheia Lee, Finance Officer

Anticipated Completion Date: Present

Corrective Action: A final review and approval is now performed by the County Manager

subsequent to journal entries being posted in the general ledger.